API REFERENCE GUIDE



# Ruckus SmartZone 100 and Virtual SmartZone-Essentials Hotspot 2.0 Interface Reference Guide, 5.2

Supporting SmartZone 5.2

Part Number: 800-72251-001 Rev A Publication Date: January 2020

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# Preface

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### **Document Conventions**

The following table lists the text conventions that are used throughout this guide.

#### TABLE 1 Text Conventions

Convention	Description	Example
monospace	Identifies command syntax examples	<pre>device(config)# interface ethernet 1/1/6</pre>
bold	User interface (UI) components such as screen or page names, keyboard keys, software buttons, and field names	On the <b>Start</b> menu, click <b>All Programs</b> .
italics	Publication titles	Refer to the Ruckus Small Cell Release Notes for more information.

### Notes, Cautions, and Safety Warnings

Notes, cautions, and warning statements may be used in this document. They are listed in the order of increasing severity of potential hazards.

#### NOTE

A NOTE provides a tip, guidance, or advice, emphasizes important information, or provides a reference to related information.

#### ATTENTION

An ATTENTION statement indicates some information that you must read before continuing with the current action or task.



#### CAUTION

A CAUTION statement alerts you to situations that can be potentially hazardous to you or cause damage to hardware, firmware, software, or data.



#### DANGER

A DANGER statement indicates conditions or situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. Safety labels are also attached directly to products to warn of these conditions or situations.

# **Command Syntax Conventions**

Bold and italic text identify command syntax components. Delimiters and operators define groupings of parameters and their logical relationships.

Convention	Description
bold text	Identifies command names, keywords, and command options.

#### **Preface** Document Feedback

Convention	Description
<i>italic</i> text	Identifies a variable.
[]	Syntax components displayed within square brackets are optional.
	Default responses to system prompts are enclosed in square brackets.
{ x   y   z }	A choice of required parameters is enclosed in curly brackets separated by vertical bars. You must select one of the options.
x   y	A vertical bar separates mutually exclusive elements.
<>	Nonprinting characters, for example, passwords, are enclosed in angle brackets.
	Repeat the previous element, for example, member[member].
١	Indicates a "soft" line break in command examples. If a backslash separates two lines of a command input, enter the entire command at the prompt without the backslash.

### **Document Feedback**

Ruckus is interested in improving its documentation and welcomes your comments and suggestions.

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When contacting us, include the following information:

- Document title and release number
- Document part number (on the cover page)
- Page number (if appropriate)

For example:

- Ruckus SmartZone Upgrade Guide, Release 5.0
- Part number: 800-71850-001 Rev A
- Page 7

## **Ruckus Product Documentation Resources**

Visit the Ruckus website to locate related documentation for your product and additional Ruckus resources.

Release Notes and other user documentation are available at https://support.ruckuswireless.com/documents. You can locate the documentation by product or perform a text search. Access to Release Notes requires an active support contract and a Ruckus Support Portal user account. Other technical documentation content is available without logging in to the Ruckus Support Portal.

White papers, data sheets, and other product documentation are available at https://www.ruckuswireless.com.

# **Online Training Resources**

To access a variety of online Ruckus training modules, including free introductory courses to wireless networking essentials, site surveys, and Ruckus products, visit the Ruckus Training Portal at https://training.ruckuswireless.com.

# **Contacting Ruckus Customer Services and Support**

The Customer Services and Support (CSS) organization is available to provide assistance to customers with active warranties on their Ruckus products, and customers and partners with active support contracts.

For product support information and details on contacting the Support Team, go directly to the Ruckus Support Portal using https://support.ruckuswireless.com, or go to https://www.ruckuswireless.com and select Support.

### What Support Do I Need?

Technical issues are usually described in terms of priority (or severity). To determine if you need to call and open a case or access the self-service resources, use the following criteria:

- Priority 1 (P1)—Critical. Network or service is down and business is impacted. No known workaround. Go to the **Open a Case** section.
- Priority 2 (P2)—High. Network or service is impacted, but not down. Business impact may be high. Workaround may be available. Go to the **Open a Case** section.
- Priority 3 (P3)—Medium. Network or service is moderately impacted, but most business remains functional. Go to the **Self-Service Resources** section.
- Priority 4 (P4)—Low. Requests for information, product documentation, or product enhancements. Go to the **Self-Service Resources** section.

### **Open a Case**

When your entire network is down (P1), or severely impacted (P2), call the appropriate telephone number listed below to get help:

- Continental United States: 1-855-782-5871
- Canada: 1-855-782-5871
- Europe, Middle East, Africa, Central and South America, and Asia Pacific, toll-free numbers are available at https://support.ruckuswireless.com/contact-us and Live Chat is also available.
- Worldwide toll number for our support organization. Phone charges will apply: +1-650-265-0903

We suggest that you keep a physical note of the appropriate support number in case you have an entire network outage.

### **Self-Service Resources**

The Ruckus Support Portal at https://support.ruckuswireless.com offers a number of tools to help you to research and resolve problems with your Ruckus products, including:

- Technical Documentation—https://support.ruckuswireless.com/documents
- Community Forums—https://forums.ruckuswireless.com/ruckuswireless/categories
- Knowledge Base Articles—https://support.ruckuswireless.com/answers
- Software Downloads and Release Notes—https://support.ruckuswireless.com/#products\_grid
- Security Bulletins—https://support.ruckuswireless.com/security

Using these resources will help you to resolve some issues, and will provide TAC with additional data from your troubleshooting analysis if you still require assistance through a support case or RMA. If you still require help, open and manage your case at https://support.ruckuswireless.com/ case\_management.

# **About This Guide**

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### **Overview**

This SmartZone 100 (SZ100) and Virtual SmartZone-Essentials (vSZ-E) Hotspot 2.0 Reference Guide describes the Hotspot 2.0 technology and provides configuration guidelines that SZ100/vSZ-E (collectively referred to as "the controller" throughout this guide) uses to enable Hotspot 2.0 based features on the Ruckus platform.

This guide is written for service operators and system administrators who are responsible for managing, configuring, and troubleshooting Wi-Fi networks. It assumes basic working knowledge of local area networks, wireless networking, and wireless devices.

#### NOTE

For caveats, limitations, and known issues that you must be aware of before upgrading to this release, refer to the Release Notes.

Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) or HTML on the Ruckus Support Web site at https://support.ruckuswireless.com/contact-us.

## Terminology

The table lists the terms used in this guide.

#### TABLE 2 Terms used in this guide

Terminology	Description
ANQP	Access Network Query Protocol
AP	Access Point
CN	Common Name
СР	Captive Portal
CUI	Chargeable User Identity
EAP	Extensible Authentication Protocol
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GAS	Generic Advertisement Service
HS2.0	Hotspot 2.0
IDM	Identity Management
MCC	Mobile Country Code
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MNO	Mobile Network Operator
MO	Managed Object
MSO	Multiple System Operator
GTPv2-C	GPRS Tunnelling Protocol for Control plane
NBI	Northbound Interface

#### TABLE 2 Terms used in this guide (continued)

Terminology	Description
NAI	Network Access Identifier
OCSP	Online Certificate Status Protocol
01	Organization Identifier
OMA-DM	Open Mobile Alliance's Device Management
OSEN	OSU Server-only authenticated layer 2 Encryption Network
OSU	Online Sign-Up
Passpoint	Hotspot 2.0 certification
РКІ	Public Key Infrastructure
PPS-MO	Per Provider Subscription Management Object
RAC	Radio Access Controller
RADIUS	Remote Access Dial In User Service
Release1 Device	Hotspot 2.0 Release1 specification compliant device
Release 2 Device	Hotspot 2.0 Release 2 compliant device
RSN	Robust Security Network
SZ100/vSZ-E	Controller platforms
SSID	Service Set Identifier
SSL	Secure Socket Layer
T&C	Terms and Conditions
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
TLS	Transport Layer Security
TTLS	Tunneled TLS
UDI	User Define Interface
UE	User Equipment
UE-IP	User Equipment - IP Address
UE-MAC	User Equipment - MAC Address
UI	User Interface
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UTP	User Traffic Profile
UUID	Universal Unique Identifier
VSA	Vendor Specific Attributes
WAN	Wide Area Network
WFA	Wi-Fi Alliance
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network

# What's New in This Document

No change in content from previous release of 5.1.2.

# **Hotspot 2.0 Technology Overview**

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### **Hotspot 2.0 Brief Overview**

The Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA) ratified 802.11u (a.k.a. Hotspot 2.0) specification in February 2011. One of the primary objectives of the Hotspot 2.0 technology is to simplify mobile device's access to Wi-Fi networks.

The main components of the technology are:

- Automated network discovery and selection
- Secure authentication
- Online sign-up
- Policy management

The Hotspot 2.0 Release 1 focuses on the Automated network discovery and selection and Secure authentication components, whereas release 2 goes into specification of Online sign-up and Policy management components.

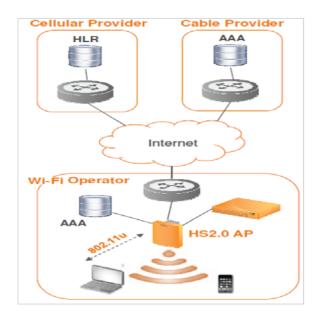
## **Basic Operation of Hotspot 2.0**

This section explains the basic operation of Hotspot 2.0.

A Hotspot 2.0 compliant mobile device communicates with Hotspot 2.0 compliant Wi-Fi infrastructure (Access Points) to discover the network Service Set Identifier (SSID) to associate with. It then securely connects to that SSID by presenting its access credentials. Post successful authentication, the device gets securely connected to Hotspot 2.0 enabled Wi-Fi. If a mobile device does not have any pre-existing credentials, then it will not get automatically associated with Hotspot 2.0 WLAN. Instead, the user will be notified of the OSU (Online Signup) services if available. If the user elects to sign up with one of these OSU services, then he/she will be directed to a sign-up portal over Hotspot 2.0 onboarding WLAN. Upon successful authentication, user will be provisioned with Hotspot 2.0 standards-based management object, known as PPS-MO (Per-Provider Subscription Management object). User will then be disconnected from onboarding WLAN and reconnected on the secure Hotspot 2.0 access WLAN. The Hotspot 2.0 technology allows users to seamlessly roam between his/her provider's home Wi-Fi network and the visited Wi-Fi network in different location. A Wi-Fi provider can partner with several roaming partners to provide Wi-Fi access to partner's subscribers. The roaming partners can include MSOs, MNOs, wireline operators, public venues, enterprises, and basically any entity that has Wi-Fi assets as shown in the figure below. Hotspot 2.0 Technology Overview

Operators and Service Providers

#### FIGURE 1 Working of Hotspot 2.0



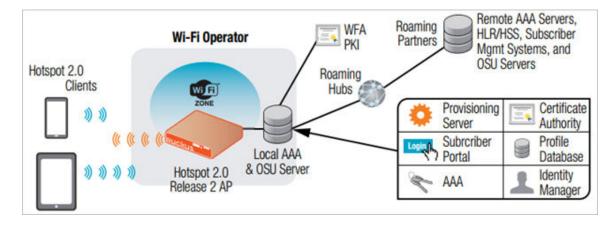
The onboarding WLAN for Hotspot 2.0 may be open WLAN or secure WLAN. The secure onboarding WLAN utilizes server-side only authentication, while the client side remains anonymous. The OSU service provider utilizes PPS-MO to provision necessary policy parameters such as expiration time, update interval, data usage limit etc. In a Hotspot 2.0 based network topology, entity offering Wi-Fi infrastructure may be termed as Wi-Fi operator, while the entity owning user database may be termed as Identity provider. A Wi-Fi operator may also act as an Identity provider and may partner with one or more external Identity providers.

# **Operators and Service Providers**

Hotspot 2.0 has two entities - operators and service providers.

An operator is the owner of a set of Hotspot 2.0 enabled access points. Each operator can resell their Hotspot 2.0 service to a number of service providers. The operators deal mostly with physical network elements while the service providers keep track of user subscriptions and billing. An operator profile defines all the properties pertaining to an operator while a service profile defines the properties related to a service provider. If a WLAN is configured to provide Hotspot 2.0 service, it must be linked exactly as that of Hotspot 2.0 operator profile. However, each operator profile can simultaneously provide service to a number of service profiles.

#### FIGURE 2 Components of Hotspot 2.0



# **Configuring Hotspot 2.0**

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•	Defining the Hotspot 2.0 WLAN Profile	
•	Defining the Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile	

### **Overview**

The following are the entities that need to be configured for the Hotspot 2.0 R2 devices configuration flow.

#### NOTE

Hotspot 2.0 WLANs do not support IPv6.

# **Configuring Wi-Fi Operators**

Follow these steps to define a Wi-Fi operator profile.

- 1. Click Services&Profiles >Hotspot & Portals > Hotspot 2.0
- 2. The Hotspot 2.0 page appears. In the Wi-Fi Operator section, click Create.
- 3. Configure the settings in the table to create a Hotspot 2.0 Wi-Fi operator and set configuration options.

#### TABLE 3 Wi-Fi operator configuration options

Option	Description
Name	Enter a name for this Wi-Fi operator profile.
Description (Optional)	Enter a description for the venue profile.
Domain Names	HS2.0 operator's domain name is a mandatory field, which specifies the operator's domain name. Hotspot 2.0 AP broadcasts the domain name to indicate the home Wi-Fi providers.
Signup Security	This is an optional field and is disabled by default. Enabling would mean that operator supports secure onboarding.
Certificate	Select the certificate for the operator - AAA. This can be the same certificate as the one used with OSU service.
Friendly Name	HS2.0 operator's friendly name is a mandatory field. Operator's friendly name is displayed on mobile client's screen. It is also used for operator verification during secure onboarding.

#### NOTE

In case of Signup Security - Onboarding WLAN assumes that the server possesses credentials that can be used to authenticate it to the client. In this case, the administrator should select the required AAA server certificate (which can be the certificate used for OSU). Onboarding WLAN facilitates network authentication before the actual onboarding. The server provides the certificate to the client and the later validates the server certificate before proceeding to online signup call flow. The certificate uploaded in the operator page can be same as the OSU certificate for the same operator.

#### 4. Click OK

FIGURE 3 Hotspot Wi-Fi Operator Profile

Create Hotsp	oot 2.0 Wi-Fi Operator Profile	×
• Name: Description: • Domain Names:		
Signup Security: * [?] Certificate: * Friendly Names:		
	Language  Name	
	OK Cancel	

5. Continue to Step 3: Define Identity Provider. You have completed defining the WiFi Operator Profile.

# **Defining the Identity Provider**

The Hotspot 2.0 Identity provider gives authentication, accounting and online signup service. There can be one or more identity providers per Hotspot 2.0 access WLAN.

The Hotspot 2.0 identity provider contains multiple configurations and therefore it is split into different sub sections.

- Network Identifier on page 16
- Online SignUp and Provisioning on page 18
- Authentication on page 20
- Accounting on page 20
- Review on page 21

### **Network Identifier**

Follow these steps to create a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider - Network Identifier.

- 1. Click Services&Profiles > Hotspots & Portals > Hotspot 2.0 > Identity Provider.
- 2. Click Create New

3. Configure the settings below to create a Hotspot 2.0 Network Identifier. Alternatively, the network identifier can be imported from an existing Hotspot 2.0 Wi-Fi operator.

Option	Description
Name	Enter a name or this network identifier profile.
Description (Optional)	Enter a description for the network identifier profile.
PLMNs	Each record contains MCC and MNC.
	• MCC: Set the correct country code for the geographical location. This is required when the controller sends MAP authentication information. Type the mobile country code digits. Decimal digit strings with maximum length of 3 and minimum length of 2.
	• MNC: Set the mobile network code based on the geographical location. This is required when controller sends MAP authentication information. Type the mobile network code digits. Decimal digit strings with maximum length of 3 and minimum length of 2.
Realms	List of NAI (Network Access Identifier) realms corresponding to service providers or other entities whose networks or services are accessible via this AP. Up to five NAI realm entries can be created. Each NAI realm entry can contain up to four EAP methods. Each EAP method can contain up to four authentication types. Realm entry is automatically generated according to PLMN grid and cannot be removed. The realm value cannot be changed.
Home Ols	OI (Organization Identifier) is a unique value assigned to the organization. The user can configure more than 3 OI values and can adjust the order since the AP takes only 3 OIs in the beacon.

4. Click Next. You have completed creating a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider - Network Identifier.

5. Continue to Online SignUp and Provisioning on page 18.

#### FIGURE 4 Create Hotspot 2.0 Network Identifier

Network Iden	tifier > Online Signup	& Provisioning	uthentication + Account	nting > Review	
* Name:					
Description:					
PLMNs:	* MCC	* MNC			
				+ Add X Cancel	Delete
	MCC 🛋	MNC			
Realms:	* Name: * Encoding: RFC-4282 EAP Methods: #1 #2 #3 #4		• •	🕂 Add 🛛 🗶 Cance	I Delete
	EAP Method: N/A		v		
	Name 🔺	Encoding EAP	ethods		

### **Online SignUp and Provisioning**

Follow these steps to create a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider - OSU and Provisioning.

- 1. Click to enable SignUp and Provisioning to configure the service for the identity provider.
- 2. Alternatively you can skip this step to move to Authentication.

3. Configure the settings below to create a Hotspot 2.0 SignUp and Provisioning.

Option	Description
Provisioning Service	The provisioning service is responsible for any subscription provisioning process in which messages are communicated between the UE and the controller resulting in a PPS-MO provisioned into the UE. The provisioning supports both SOAP-XML and OMA-DM as communication protocols for the process based on the initial request coming from the UE. The provisioning service supports signup, remediation and policy update flows where the UE is provisioned with a full PPS -MO or only with internal node/s of the PPS-MO.
Common Language Icon	This is the default icon presented in the Release 2 device for this identity provider in case the device does not find any match for other icons per language in the table.
OSU Service Description	This table configures the friendly name, description and icon per language. This information is presented on the device when it receives ANQP message which includes OSU providers. Friendly names, which are required to be part of the OSU certificate is automatically populated in this table. In case description is also included in the OSU certificate it is automatically populated into the table. Administrators are required to set the matched icon per language as included in the OSU certificate.
Whitelisted Domain	The Administrator needs to add the domains of:
	Remediation URL in case it is different from the external provisioning server domain
	External Portal domain in case the provisioning server is external

- 4. Click Next. You have completed creating a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider SignUp and Provisioning step.
- 5. Continue to Authentication on page 20.

FIGURE 5 Hotspot Identity Provider - Online SignUp and Provisioning

Create Hotspot	2.0 Identity Provider	
Network Identifier	Online Signup & Provisioning <ul> <li>Authentication</li> <li>Accounting</li> <li>Review</li> </ul>	^
🗹 Enable Online Signup & Provisi	aning	
• - 0!	ternal Service URL is required 30 NAI Realm is required 30 Service Description is required	
Provisioning Options		
Provisioning Service: *	External Service URL:	
* Provisioning Protocol:	] OMA-DM 🛛 SOAP-XML	
Online Signup Options		
* OSU NAI Realm:	vo data available ▼	
* Common Language Icon:	Browse	
* OSU Service Description:	* Language * Friendly Name Description Icon English	
	Language  Friendly Name Description Icon Format Width Height	
Whitelisted Domains:	Domain Name 🕇 Add 🗶 Cancel 🏢 Delete	
	Domain Name 🔺	
		~

### Authentication

Follow these steps to create a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider - Authentication.

- 1. Click Authentication to configure the service for the identity provider.
- 2. Configure the authentication option settings below to create a Hotspot 2.0 SignUp and Provisioning.

Description

Option Realm

The administrator should configure the realm mapping to the authentication service. The administrator should map the realm to an external RADIUS server which should be preconfigured in Services & Profiles > Hotspots & Portals > Hotspot 2.0 > Authentication. The default EAP method which the controller responds to is EAP-TTLS. In case the client is using other EAP methods (for example EAP-PEAP in legacy on-board devices) the controller falls back to the required EAP method.

- 3. Click Next. You have completed creating a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider Authentication step.
- 4. Continue to Accounting on page 20.

FIGURE 6 Hotspot Identity Provider - Authentication

Network Identifier	→ Online Signup & Pr	ovisioning  Authentication	Accounting		
Authentication Servi	gure Delete			•	
Realm	Protocol	Auth Service		Dynamic VLAN ID	
No Match Unspecified	NA	NA-Disabled		N/A N/A	
		e 'remote', then map your 'realm' value to its respec legacy (non-Hotspot 2.0) devices.	tive authentication service PLUS defi	ne 'Unspecified' realm & map it to	

### Accounting

Follow the steps in this section to create a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider - Accounting.

1. Click to enable Accounting for configuring the accounting service.

2. Configure the settings below to create a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider - Accounting.

- Option
- Realm

Description

In case the authentication's realm is set as remote credential type, administrator should set this realm here to the customer's external accounting server. The actual external accounting server should be preconfigured in **Services & Profiles > Hotspots & Portals > Hotspot 2.0 > Accounting**.

- 3. Click Next. You have completed creating a Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider Accounting step.
- 4. Continue to Review on page 21.

#### FIGURE 7 Hotspot Identity Provider - Accounting

Network Identifier + On	nline Signup & Provisionin	ng → Authentication → Accounting → Review
Accounting Services for Acce	ess WLAN	
🕂 Create 🖉 Configure 📋	Delete	
Realm	Protocol	Accounting Service
No Match	NA	NA-Disabled
Unspecified	NA	NA-Disabled
Note: A realm to service mapping de accounting is disabled.	efine the accounting service for	${\sf r}$ each of the realm specified in this table. When the accounting service for a particular realm is "NA", then

### **Review**

Follow the steps in this section to review the created Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider.

- 1. Click **Review** to review the configuration on one page before committing the changes to the server side. For each section is the review page, the administrator has the "Edit" button to bring the controller web interface back to the corresponding section.
- 2. Click Submit to create the Hotspot 2.0 Identity Provider.

# **Defining the Hotspot 2.0 WLAN Profile**

Follow these steps to create a Hotspot 2.0 WLAN profile.

- 1. Click Wireless LANs> Create > Hotspot 2.0 WLAN Profiles.
- 2. In the WLAN Usage section, select the Authentication Type as Hotspot 2.0 Access.
- 3. In the Hotspot 2.0 Profile section, click Create.
- 4. Configure the settings in the table below to create a Hotspot 2.0 WLAN profile.

#### TABLE 4 WLAN profile configuration options

Option	Description
Name	Enter a name for this WLAN profile. This name identifies the WLAN profile when assigning an HS2.0 service to a HS2.0 WLAN.
Description (Optional)	Enter a description for the WLAN profile.
Operator	Select the operator profile. This name identifies the service operator when assigning an HS2.0 service to a HS2.0 WLAN.
Identify Providers	Choose one or more identity providers. Choose the identity provider. You can configure an OSU SSID when you add an Identity Provider which enables OSU and provisioning. Since there may be more than one identity provider per Hotspot 2.0 profiles having its own authentication profile, the No Match and Unspecified mapping could be duplicated. To avoid duplication, the default identity provider is taken as the correct configuration for No Match and Unspecified mapping. OSU SSID can be Hotspot 2.0 Onboarding; Open or 802.1X EAP.           NOTE           To create a new identity provider refer to Defining the Identity Provider on page 16.
Internet Option	Specify if this HS2.0 network provides connectivity to the Internet.
Access Network Type	Access network type (private, free public, chargeable public, etc.), as defined in IEEE802.11u, Table 7-43b.
IP Address Type	Select IP address type availability information, as defined in IEEE802.11u, 7.3.4.8.
Connection Capability	Provides information on the connection status within the hotspot of the most commonly used communications protocols and ports. 11 static rules are available, as defined in WFA Hotspot 2.0 Technical Specification, section 4.5.
Custom Connection Capability	Allows addition of custom connection capability rules. Up to 21 custom rules can be created.

#### 5. Click **OK**. You have completed creating a Hotspot 2.0 services profile.

#### FIGURE 8 Hotspot 2.0 Services Profile

### Create Hotspot 2.0 WLAN Profile

	[								,
* Name:									
Description:									
• Operator:	No data available		• + (	reate	$\searrow$				
* Identity Providers:	* Identity Provider No	data available	▼ + Add	🗙 Cancel	Delete Create				
	Identity Provider				Online Signup Service	De	fault		
	You can configure an Or	boarding SSID wh	en you add an iden	tity provider	that has Online Signup & Provision	ning enabled			
	-	-			5.	-			
Advanced Options								V	
Internet Option:	Specified with conne	ctivity to the Inte	rnet						
Access Network Type:	Private		,						
IPv4 Address:	Single NATed private a	ddress	,						
IPv6 Address:	Not Available		,						
Connection Capabilities:		* Protocol							
	* Protocol Name	Number	* Port Number	* Status					
				Closed	•	+ Add	Cancel	Delete	
						Crea	te	Cance	1

×

# **Defining the Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile**

Follow these steps to create a Hotspot 2.0 Venue profile (which is an optional step).

- 1. Click Access Points and select AP Groups or Access PointsConfiguration tab and click Configure.
- 2. In the Advanced Options section go to Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile and click Create.
- 3. Configure the settings in the table below to create a Hotspot 2.0 Venue profile.

#### TABLE 5 Venue profile configuration options

Option	Description
Name	Enter a name for this venue profile. This name identifies the venue profile when assigning an HS2.0 service to a HS2.0 venue.
Description (Optional)	Enter a description for the venue profile.
Venue Options	
Venue Names	Create a new venue name. Select the language and enter the venue name in that language.
Venue Category	Select venue category and venue type as defined in IEEE802.11u, Table 7.25m/n.
WAN Metrics	Provides information about the WAN link connecting an IEEE 802.11 access network and the Internet; includes link status and backhaul uplink/ downlink speed estimates

4. Click OK. You have completed creating a Hotspot 2.0 venue profile.

#### NOTE

Venue configuration can be assigned to AP/AP Group/AP Zone and its priority is in the same order. This means that its first AP configuration followed by AP group and last AP zone configurations. Venue profile cannot be selected at WLAN level.

#### FIGURE 9 Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile

Create Hotsp	ot 2.0 Venue Prof	ile		^
* Name: Description: Venue				V
* Venue Names:	* Language * Name English • Language *	Name	Add X Cancel Tolete	
	Group: Unspecified     Ownlink Speed: kbps     Uplink Speed: kbps	• Type: Unspecified •		
			Create Ca	ancel

### Adding a Venue Profile in an AP

- 1. Click Access Points, select an AP from the list and click Configure. Refer to the Administration Guide for details.
- 2. Go to AP Configuration > Advanced Options to set the Hotspot 2.0 Venue profile from the drop down list as seen in the figure below.
- 3. Click OK.

#### FIGURE 10 Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile in the AP

Ruckus™ SmartZone 100	Edit AP: [24:C9:A1:28:BC:E0]	×	o admin C
Dashboard	AP Configuration Swap Configuration		
System 🕨	General Options	^	Map Zone
Access Points	Radio Options		Refresh
Wireless LANs	AP SNMP Options		5G) Connect 🍄
Clients 🕨	Model Specific Options		
Applications	* IPv4 Settings:  C Static  O Dynamic  Keep the AP's settings		
Services & Profiles	Smart Monitor: Override Enable (WLAIs will be disabled automatically if the default gateway of AP is unreachable)		
Hotspots & Portals	Syslog Options: Override Enable external syslog server		
Access Control	Bonjour Gateway: Enable as Bonjour gateway with policy for data available Y Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile: I to data available Y Create		ords « 1 »
Application Control	AP Management VLAN: 🗌 Override 🛞 Keep the AP's settings 🕜 VLAN ID 1		
Authentication	[?] Auto Channel Selection: Override 🖉 Automatically adjust 2.4 GHz channel using Eachground Scanning V	~	
Accounting	OK Cancel		

### Adding a Venue Profile in an AP Group

- 1. Click Access Pointsand select the AP Group. Refer to the SZ100 and vSZ-E Administration Guide for details.
- 2. Go to Advanced Options to set the Hotspot 2.0 Venue profile from the drop down list as seen in the figure below.
- 3. Click OK.

×

#### FIGURE 11 Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile section on the AP Group page

Create Group		
• Name:     Description:       Type:     Zone (iii) AP Group       Parent Group:     Zone 51		
Configuration		
Advanced Options		▼ ^
Location Based Service: Override Enable LBS service Select an LBS server  Create Hotspot 2.0 Venue Profile: No data available Create AP Management VLAN: Override Keep AP's settings VLAN ID (?) Auto Channel Selection: Override Automatically adjust 2.4 GHz channel using Background Scanning	2	
Override 🛛 Automatically adjust 5 GHz channel using Background Scanning 🔻		
[?] Client Admission Control: Override Override		
2.4 GHz Radio     5 GHz Radio     Enable     Min Client Count 10     Min Client Count 20		~
	ОК	Cancel

# **Hotspot 2.0 R2 Device Workflow**

•	Onboarding Flow	27
•	Access Hotspot 2.0	27
•	AAA Combinations	20

# **Onboarding Flow**

Based on the access WLAN configuration, the AP sends beacon frames with extra information suitable for interpretation by a Hotspot 2.0 R2 compliant device. This information includes the Realm, EAP method, the SSID for onboarding and a list of OS and their provisioning server URLs.

A list of OSU (pairs of icon and friendly name) is presented at the network selection and the user is required to click on one of the icons. This list will be displayed if there are no MO or matching realms to those configured on the UE.

The UE sends a HTTPS SOAP-XML request to the OSU server (also called as provisioning server) including UE's MAC address, the URL of the portal, and redirect URI. The controller pushes the domains of the OSU and portal to AP who passes requests to them without DNAT or redirecting them.

The NGINX component acts as a proxy for all HTTPS requests to the OSU server and OSU portal. It handles certificates and OCSP stapling (server side certificate validation against the CA), which is a new requirement in Passpoint standard.

After sending a successful OCSP response to the UE, the OSU server generates a session ID for this UE. It responds to the UE with the URL of the portal as per the configuration.

Each authentication service in the controller has in its configuration group attribute mapping to the controller user role. Among other attributes, the user role defines (used more in legacy devices) the maximum number of devices a user can on board with. IDM validates the number of devices used does not exceed the maximum devices configured in the user role.

After successful authentication (regardless of the authentication service used), the IDM generates a user entry in Cassandra with all its related information. It also generates a MO credential composed of username and password. The username structure is UUID and is randomly generated during creation.

The portal redirects the UE to the URL stored in the redirectUri parameter, the value supplied by the UE upon initially contacting the portal. The UE initiate another HTTPS SOAP-XML request to the OSU server. The OSU server uses the session ID (generated at the beginning) to retrieve the user's credentials to generate PPS-MO entity provided to the UE in an SOAP-XML format. Among its attributes, this PPS-MO is set for EAP-TTLS authentication.

This PPS-MO includes all required information for the UE to connect a Hotspot 2.0 SSID (the realm leaf node is defined by the realm value set in **Identity Provider > Online Signup& Provisioning > Authentication configuration**). At this point the UE disconnects from the onboarding WLAN and automatically connects to the Hotspot 2.0 SSID as per the information in PPS-MO.

# Access Hotspot 2.0

Based on access WLAN configuration AP sends beacon transmitting which can be captured by R2 device. Among the information provided are: Realm, EAP method, List of OS's [provisioning server URLs], SSID of onboarding, etc.

Since UE already has PPS-MO, it finds a match between the configured realms in the PPS-MO to the realm transmitted by AP which is related to one of the identity providers configured in the Hotspot 2.0 profile. At this point, the UE initiates an EAP-TTLS request and the AP proxies it to the controller's RAC (Radio Access Controller) module.

Since UE already has PPS-MO, it finds a match between the configured realms in the PPS-MO to the realm transmitted by AP which is related to one of the identity providers configured in the Hotspot 2.0 profile. At this point, the UE initiates an EAP-TTLS request and the AP proxies it to the controller's RAC (Radio Access Controller) module.

#### NOTE

In this release AP's direct RADIUS authentication request to an external server for Hotspot 2.0 WLAN is not supported.

- 1. Read Password RAC sends the username to IDM. IDM locates the user and replies with its password. RAC matches it to the password received from the UE in the EAP-TTLS request. In case the match is successful, RAC sends the second request otherwise the access reject is sent back to UE.
- 2. Authorization Status RAC sends the username again and the IDM tries authorizing the user according to:
  - a. Password expiration
  - b. Update Identifier
  - c. User's status

In case any one of the above three validations fail IDM responds back with an appropriate response to RAC which triggers the following use case.

In case the validation is successful, IDM responds correspondingly to RAC, which returns the access accept to the UE and the UE is authenticated and authorized to browse the Internet.

RAC includes the outer identity of the EAP-TTLS in the username attribute of the access accept response. RAC includes the new *UE-Username* attribute from the IDM response for authorization status request in the CUI attribute of the access accept response. This *UE-Username* includes the username which the user used for onboarding.

### **De-Auth**

De-Auth is in case IDM finds user's expiration has been expired it sends a special response to RAC. The RAC responds to the access accept with the new De-Auth attribute including the De-Auth URL. It means that the UE is not yet authorized. When the UE receives this kind of response (access accept with De-Auth attribute) it initiates the HTTPS request to the De-Auth URL provided in the RADIUS response. This URL is handled by the controller's portal, which displays the message that the user is disabled.

### Remediation

In case IDM finds the user's expiration has been expired or the update identifier attribute in the EAP-TTLS request does not match the value in IDM's record for the user, it sends a response to RAC, which includes the remediation URL. RAC identifies this response and replies with the access accept including the new remediation URL attribute. It means that the UE is not yet authorized.

When the UE receives this kind of response (Access Accept with remediation URL) it initiates the HTTPS SOAP-XML request to the remediation URL (handled by OSU server) provided in the RADIUS response. This is followed by the digest request to the OSU server, which queries the IDM for the remediation reason.

In case the credential type is set to Remote, SmartZone OSU server does not support any remediation flows, as elaborated in this section.

### **Password Expired**

In case IDM finds user's expiration has been expired the OSU server redirects the UE to a specific path into the SGC portal.

### **Update Identifier**

In case the reason for remediation is that the update identifier does not match the OSU server generates an updated PPS-MO with the updated identifier. It responds back to the UE, which initiates the new access request along with the new updated PPS-MO information.

# **AAA Combinations**

Short reference description. In SmartZone 5.0 authentication server includes the RADIUS server.

#### TABLE 6 AAA Combinations

WLAN Type	Enable Proxy to the controller	RADIUS
Open	Yes	1
802.1X	Yes	1
Hotspot (WISPr)	Yes	1
Onboarding	Yes	1
Hotspot 2.0	Yes	1

# **External Onboarding and Remediation Portal** Integration

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•	Authentication in Onboarding Flow	31
•	Authentication in Remediation Flow	. 33

### **Overview**

This document contains the integration requirements for configuring external portal for onboarding and remediation.

The external portal communicates through the controller's NBI. The NBI IP address (nbilp) is the same as controller Management IP address and is included in the redirection URL from the OSU. One of the required parameters to NBI is the NBI password. NBI password is configured in the controller web interface. Navigate to **System > General Settings > Northbound Interface** to set or modify the password. HS2.0 R2 specification requires OCSP Stapling for HTTPS related requests. Since this external portal handles HTTPS requests, it also supports OCSP Stapling. A recommended approach is to use NGINX as a proxy for the external portal to handle OCSP Stapling. The Onboarding and Remediation flows, are related to the flows as described in Hotspot 2.0 R2 Device Workflow chapter.

## **Authentication in Onboarding Flow**

Authentication against a remote database is performed by the NBI in the onboarding flow. The portal collects the required information, such as user name, password, and sends a HTTP request (JSON) to the NBI. The URL path, which the external onboarding portal sends as HTTP request to NBI are one of the below:

```
http://nbiIP:9080/portalintf
https://nbiIP:9443/portalintf
```

#### NOTE

9080 is plain-text and 9443 is HTTPS (SSL).

The OSU redirects the UE to the portal path with the following parameters:

- WsgWlanId WLAN ID
- ClientMac- UE MAC address
- RedirectURI The URL, which the portal redirects the UE at the end of the flow.

For example:

```
https://EXTERNAL_PORTAL_FQDN:EXTERNAL_PORTAL_PORT/
EXTERNAL_PORTAL_PATH?WsgWlanId=1&ClientMac=98:0C:82:5E:34:10&
RedirectURI=http%3A%2F%2F127.0.0.1:12345
```

#### **Request Content**

```
{
"MSG-ID":< Unique ID for the message>,
"APIVersion":"3.1.0",
"Vendor" : "Ruckus",
"RequestPassword" : "<NBI password as set in SCG>,
"UE-MAC":<Device MAC>
```

#### **External Onboarding and Remediation Portal Integration**

Authentication in Onboarding Flow

```
"RequestType": "RegistrationOnboarding",
"RequestCategory": "UserManagement",
"Input":{
"hsReleaseVersion":"2",
"credentials":{
"loginName":<user login name>,
"loginPassword":<user password>
"authenticationServerName":<authentication sever name>
},
"remediation":"false"
}
}
```

#### Parameters:

- ٠ MSG-ID identifies the related request and response
- UE-MAC value is taken from the request parameter -ClientMac
- Login name and password are user inputs .
- Authentication server name is taken from the authentication service configuration specified in Services & Profiles > Hotspots & Portals > Hotspot 2.0 > Identity Provider > Authentication > Create > Service > Create in the controller web interface as seen in the figure. This configuration is applied to the specific Online Signup & Provisioning in Services & Profiles > Hotspots & Portals > Hotspot 2.0 > Identity Provider.

#### FIGURE 12 Authentication Configuration

Create Authentication Servi	ice	×
Name: RADIUS ×      Friendly Name:      Description:      Service Protocol:      RADIUS Active Directory      LD      RADIUS Service Options	] ] DAP O QAuth	
RFC 5580 Out of Band Location Delivery:  Primary Server	Ruckus AP Only	<b>_</b>
IP Address:     172.21.132.10     Port:     1812     Shared Secret:		
Confirm Secret: Secondary Server		▼
Backup RADIUS: Enable Secondary Server	Automatic Fallback Disable	v
	c	reate Cancel

×

#### FIGURE 13 Identity Provider Configuration

Network Identifier	Online Signup & Provisioning <ul> <li>Authentication</li> <li>Accounting</li> <li>Review</li> </ul>
🖉 Enable Online Signup & Provi	isioning
• - (	External Service URL is required OSU NAI Realm is required OSU Service Description is required
Provisioning Options	
Provisioning Service:	* External Service URL:
* Provisioning Protocol:	OMA-DM SOAP-XML
— Online Signup Options —	
<ul> <li>OSU NAI Realm:</li> </ul>	No data available 🔻
* OSU NAI Realm: * Common Language Icon:	
	Browse
* Common Language Icon:	Language      Friendly Name Description Icon
* Common Language Icon:	Image: Browse       Image: Friendly Name Description       Image: English       Image: English       Image: English
* Common Language Icon:	Image: Browse       Image: Friendly Name Description       Image: English       Image: English       Image: English
* Common Language Icon:	Image: Browse       Image: Friendly Name       Image: Browse       Image:
Common Language Icon:     OSU Service Description:	Image: Browse       Image: Friendly Name       Image: Browse       Image:

### **Authentication in Remediation Flow**

In remediation, OSU module in controller provides the URL to the device as the URL for the portal. This is for manual remediation flow.

The OSU redirects the UE to the portal path with the following parameters:

- WsgWlanId WLAN ID
- ClientMac- UE MAC address
- RedirectURI URL, which the portal redirects to the UE at the end of the flow.
- ExternalUsername Username used for remote authentication
- InternalUsername Username sent for digest authentication
- AuthServerName- Authentication name as seen in the controller web interface Services & Profiles > Hotspots & Portals > Hotspot 2.0
   >Identity Provider > Authentication

#### Example:

#### The following is the content requested for remediation authentication.

#### **Request Content**

#### External Onboarding and Remediation Portal Integration

Authentication in Remediation Flow

```
{
"MSG-ID":< Unique ID for the message>,
"APIVersion":"3.1.0",
"Vendor" : "Ruckus",
"RequestPassword" : <NBI password as set in SCG>,
"UE-MAC":<Device MAC>
"RequestType":"RegistrationOnboarding",
"RequestCategory":"UserManagement",
"Input":{
"userLookupParameters":{
"loginName":<internal user name>,
"authenticationMethod": "MO"
},
"hsReleaseVersion":"2",
"credentials":{
"loginName":<external user name>,
"loginPassword":<user password>
"authenticationServerName":<authentication sever name>
},
"remediation":"true"
}
}
```

#### Parameters

- MSG-ID identifies the related request and response
- UE-MAC value is taken from the request parameter ClientMac
- *loginName* (internal user name and external user name) and *UE-MAC* is retrieved from request parameters using the value names respectively *InternalUsername*, *ExternalUsername* and *ClientMac*
- loginPassword is taken from user input

# **OCSP Stapling Support**

# **Overview**

Hotspot 2.0 (R2) technical specification requires OCSP Stapling as specified in RFC 6066 section 8 (certificate status request) as part of the TLS extension. It requires the devices to get the certificate revocation status and check that AAA server (for Anon-TLS or EAP-TTLS) certificates or OSU server certificate have not been revoked using OCSP within the TLS connection.

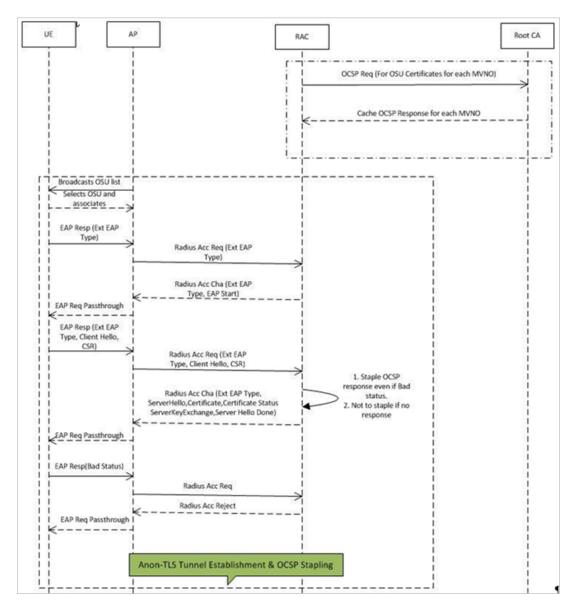
SmartZone has 2 different modules which handles this requirement:

- NGINX Provisioning and remediation servers in the controller are running on the top of Tomcat, but Tomcat does not support OCSP Stapling. To support OCSP Stapling, NGINX, which is a 3rd party proxy server is used. NGINX is positioned ahead of the Tomcat web server, proxying the content of each request to the Tomcat server once the TLS has been established.
- 2. RAC For Hotspot 2.0, there are two points in the call flow where the controller RAC module interacts with the OCSP server.
  - a. During Anonymous TLS for onboarding call flow as seen in the figure.
  - b. During EAP-TTLS access flow as seen in the figure.

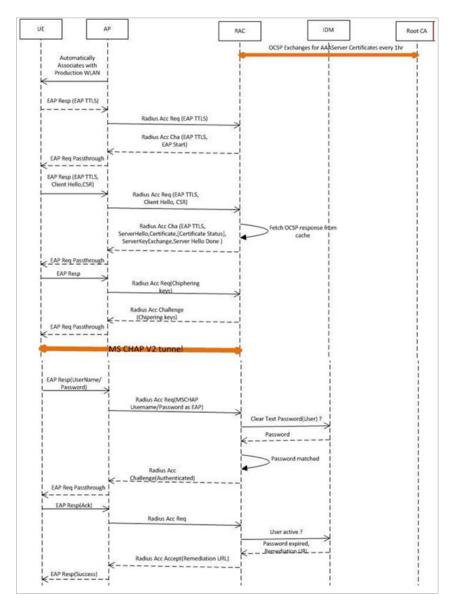
Client (mobile device) includes the Certificate Status request in the TLS request message and RAC module includes the Certificate Status in the TLS response message.

The OCSP message is a standard message derived based on the certificate uploaded for the given service provider.

#### FIGURE 14 Interaction with OCSP server during Anonymous TLS



#### FIGURE 15 Interaction with OCSP server during EAP-TLS



The figures show the important fields in the OCSP messages. These are standard message, which operators and administrators should be aware of for successful call flows. Possible values of the certificate status field are good, bad or revoked.

#### NOTE

If the client (mobile device) requests for Certificate Status request, RAC provides the status if it is available. In case the certificate status is not provided, it is up to the client to continue or abort the call.

#### NOTE

If the client (mobile device) requests for Certificate Status request, RAC provides the status if it is available. In case the certificate status is not provided, it is up to the client to continue or abort the call.

#### FIGURE 16 Important OCSP Message

( U.	
a Frame 6: 258 bytes on wire (2064	bits), 258 bytes captured (2064 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Ruckuswi_3f:4a:	f0 (24:c9:a1:3f:4a:f0), Dst: Cisco_78:8d:5b (d8:24:bd:78:8d:5b)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src:	192.168.1.101 (192.168.1.101), Dst: 117.18.237.29 (117.18.237.29)
Transmission Control Protocol, Sr	c Port: 28934 (28934), Dst Port: http (80), Seg: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 192
Hypertext Transfer Protocol	
Online Certificate Status Protoco	A
🖯 tbsRequest	
requestList: 1 item	
Request	
regCert	
hashAlgorithm (SHA-1)	
issuerNameHash: 3daOab5	icd66978b7ba2dfabc751742ac260ae4ea
issuerKeyMacht 02611000	Made 230753405bceh4320da9aa46b292
SerialNumber : 0x0ea55b	bdbb4c24e197de10b5d9232a9a
requestencions: 1 item	
Extension	
Id: 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1.2	(id-pkix.48.1.2)
	3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1.2 not implemented. Contact wireshark developers if you want this supported
Expert Info (warn/Unde	coded): BER: Dissector for OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1.2 not implemented]

#### FIGURE 17 OCSP Response Message

Online Certificate Status Protocol responseStatus: successful (0)	
responseBytes	
ResponseType Id: 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1.1 (id-pkix-ocsp-basic)	
BasicoCSPResponse	Response received
□ tbsResponseData	
responderID: byKey (2)	
producedAt: 2015-01-26 07:38:00 (UTC)	
🖻 responses: 1 item	
😑 SingleResponse	
certID	
HashAlgorithm (SHA-1)	Serial # from Reques
issuerNameHash: 3da0ab5cd66978b7ba2dfabc751742ac260ae4ea	should match
issuerKevHash: 02d44ea01ada729753d06bceb4320da9aa46b292	
serialNumber : 0x0ea55bbdbb4c24e197de10b5d9232a9a	
<pre>@ CertStatus: good (0)</pre>	
thisundate: 2015-01-26 07:38:00 (UTC)	
nextupdate: 2015-02-02 07:53:00 (UTC)	
🕣 signatureAlgorithm (sha256WithRSAEncryption)	

# **Apple and Samsung Hotspot 2.0 Release 1** (Passpoint) Devices

## **Overview**

Apple and Samsung have a subset of new devices, which support new configuration file format (XML based) with credentials for accessing authentication of Hotspot 2.0 SSIDs.

The following are the Apple devices that support the R1 provisioning via a mobile configuration profile:

- iOS7 (5, 5C, 5S) and newer supports R1
- Mac OS X Mavericks and newer supports R1

#### NOTE

It was impossible to distinguish between the iPad 2 (which does not support HS2.0 R1) and the iPad Mini v1 (which does support HS2.0 R1). Due to that, Ruckus chose to exclude iPad 2 from the provisioning option so as not to offer provisioning to unsupported devices.

To view the Samsung devices that support the R1 provisioning via a mobile configuration profile, click on the following link. http://www.wi-fi.org/product-finder-results?

sort\_by=default&sort\_order=desc&categories=1,2,4,5,3&capabilities=1&companies=362



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